

## Why Do A Waste Characterization Study?

- Gauge Program Success
- Assess Diversion Opportunities
- Calculate Environmental Benefits
- Estimate Potential Revenue and Jobs
- Identify Disposal Trends
- Target Materials and Generators
- Assist in Facility Design
- Evaluate Energy Value





#### What Materials are in This Pile?



Material Types usually dictated by Client, and based on:

- 1. Previous Studies
- 2. What MRF Accepts
- Recycling
   Programs of other
   jurisdictions
- 4. Curiosity

### Typical Load Sampling



### Sample Sorting



### Waste Sorting Happens:

- Quickly sort about
   2000 pounds per
   day
- 2. Larger, EasilyIdentifiable Items
  First
- 3. UnidentifiableItems go in OtherCategory
- 4. Plastics always most difficult material

### Some Plastic Material Types



PET Bottles (#1)



HDPE Natural (#2)
Bottles & Jars

### Some Plastic Material Types



Polystyrene (#6)



Styrofoam Expanded Polystyrene (#6)

#### Some Plastic Material Types

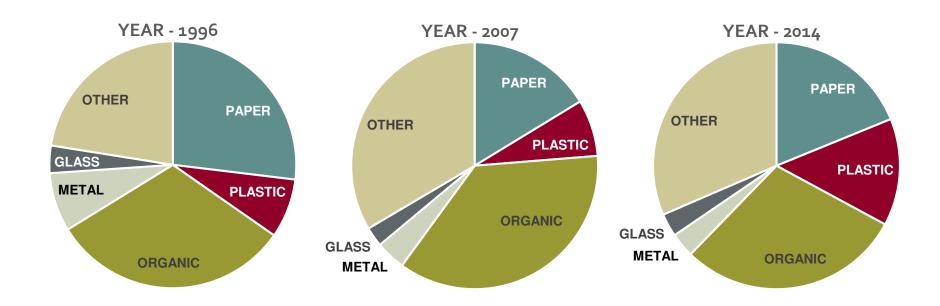


Single-Use Shopping Bags



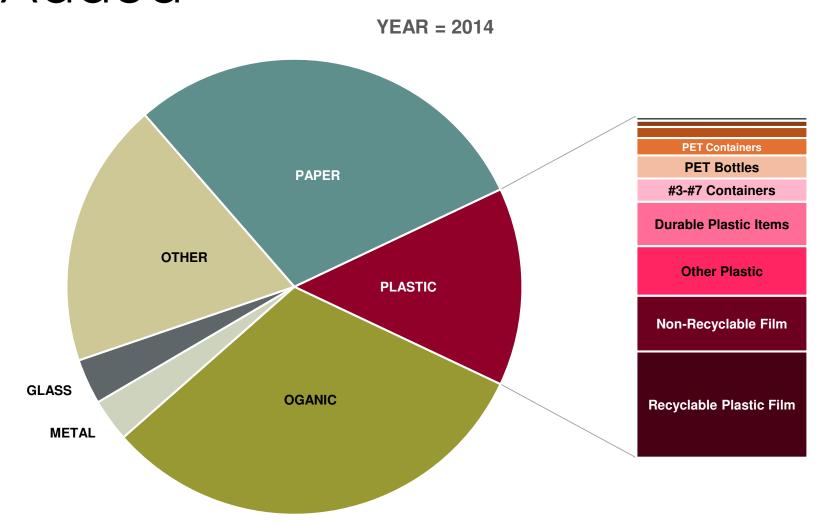
HDPE Colored (#2)
Bottles & Jars

# Consistent Material Definitions Allow Comparisons



The Changing Waste Stream

#### Although Material Types Can Be Added



# Before a Waste Characterization Study...

- 1. How Will the Information & Data be Used
  - a) Education and Outreach
  - b) Evaluation of Existing Programs
- 2. More Materials = More time = More Cost
- 3. Plan Early for Comparisons
  - a) Prior Studies
  - b) Other Jurisdictions and Statewide
- 4. Use APR Guidance for Consistency

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